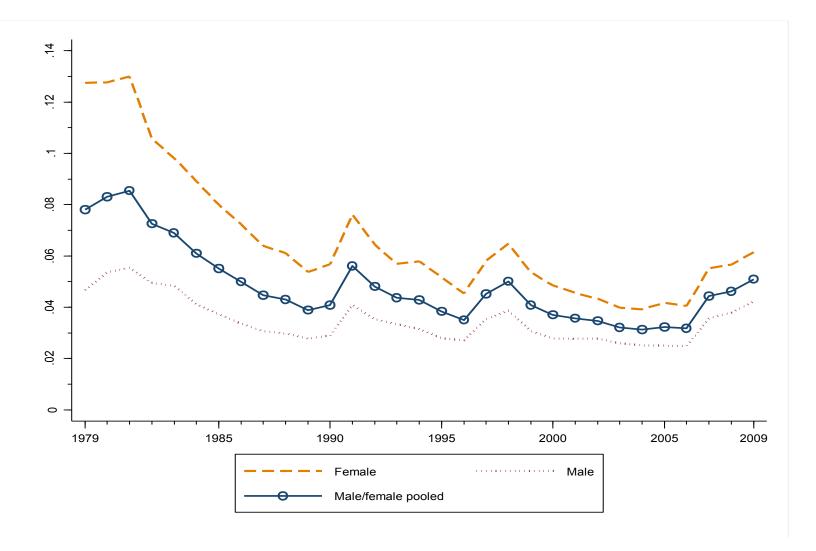
Lecture 11 Slides: Wage Density Decompositions, Applied to Institutions and Wage Structure

14.662 Spring 2013 David Autor



Source: Autor, Katz and Kearney 2008

Share of hours at or below the minimum wage



Source: Autor, Manning and Smith, 2010

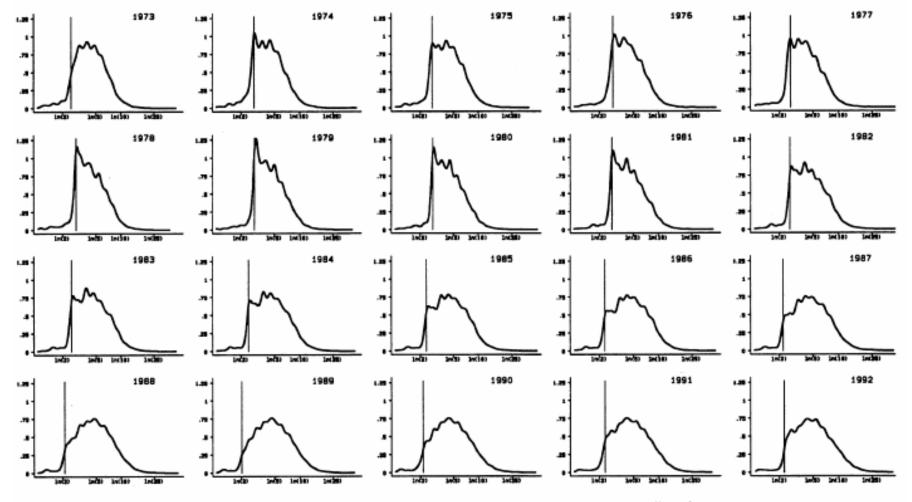


FIGURE 1B-Kernel density estimates of women's real log wages 1973-1992 (\$1979).

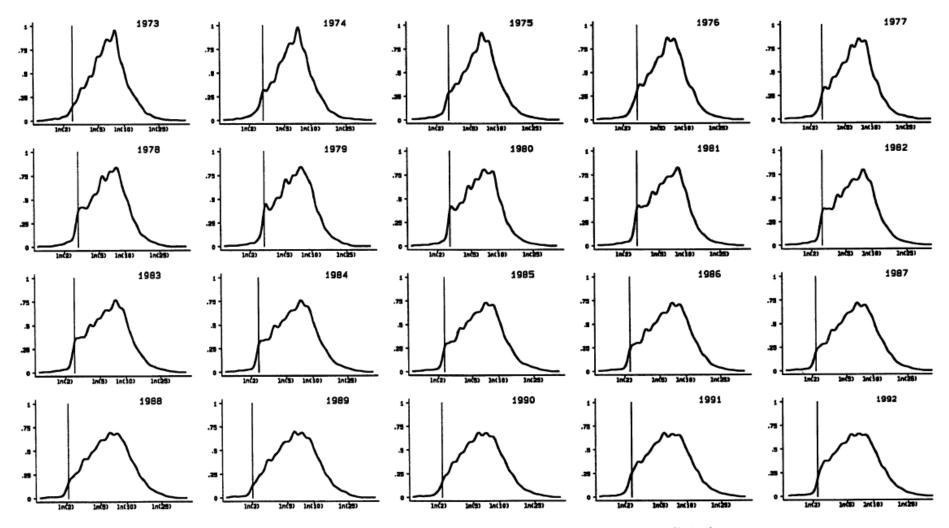
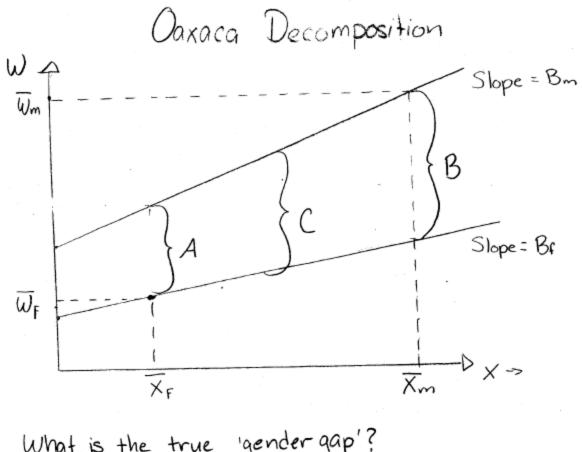


FIGURE 1A-Kernel density estimates of men's real log wages 1973-1992 (\$1979).

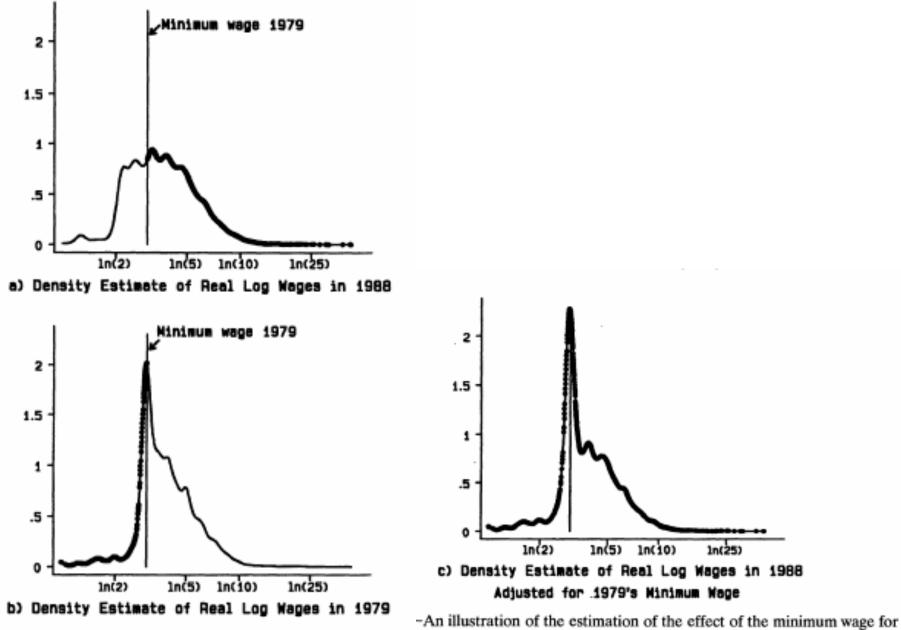


What is the true 'gender gap'

$$A - \overline{X}_F (\beta_m - \beta_F)$$

 $B - \overline{X}_m (\beta_m - \beta_F)$
 $C - (\overline{X}_m - \overline{X}_F)^{\frac{1}{2}} (\beta_m - \beta_F)$

DiNardo, Fortin and Lemieux, 1996



-An illustration of the estimation of the effect of the minimum wage male high school dropouts with 20 years or less of experience.

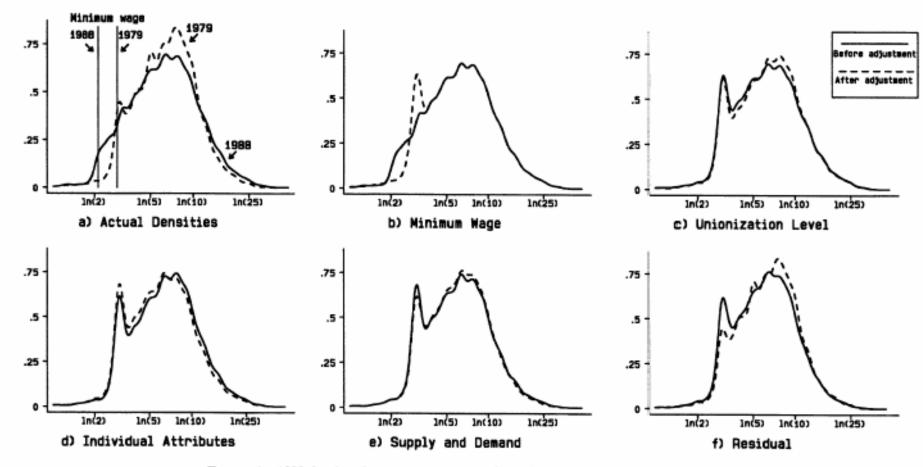


FIGURE 4-1988 density of men's real log wages (\$1979) adjusted for the indicated factors.

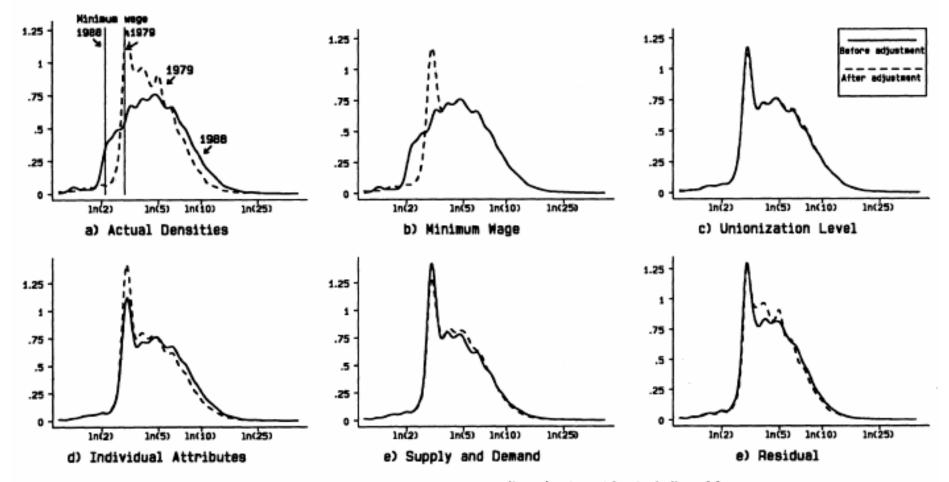


FIGURE 5-1988 density of women's real log wages (\$1979) adjusted for the indicated factors.

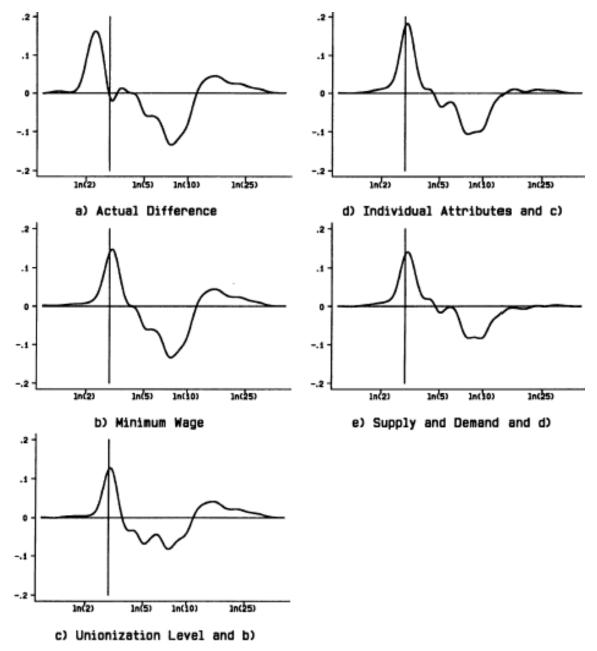


FIGURE 6.—Smoothed differences between the 1988 density adjusted for indicated factors and the 1979 density for men.

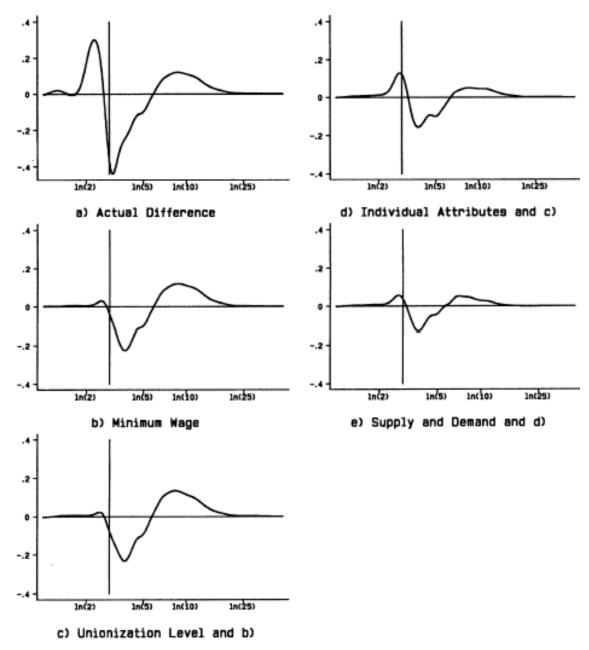


FIGURE 7.—Smoothed differences between the 1988 density adjusted for indicated factors and the 1979 density for women.

Some key results of DFL for Males:

Some key it	Measure		MinWg	Unions	X's	S&D	Unexplained
MinWg 1st S&D 1st	90-10	0.195	$25.3\%\ 16.0\%$	10.7% 24.1%	$20.7\% \\ 4.8\%$	$20.7\%\ 32.6\%$	22.6%
MinWg 1st S&D 1st	50-10	0.076	$\begin{array}{c} 65.7\% \\ 43.5\% \end{array}$	-25.6% -5.5%	$49.7\%\ 26.9\%$	$10.9\%\ 33.9\%$	-0.7%
Key results	of DFL for Measure	or female Change	s: MinWg	Unions	X's	S&D	Unexplained
MinWg 1st S&D 1st	90-10	0.328	45.1% 41.6%	$^{1.3\%}_{0\%}$	25.6% 14.6%	11.1% 26.8%	16.9%
MinWg 1st S&D 1st	50-10	0.243	$61.7\% \\ 56.5\%$	-4.1% -3.0%	32.1% 18.7%	-4.5% 13.0%	14.8%

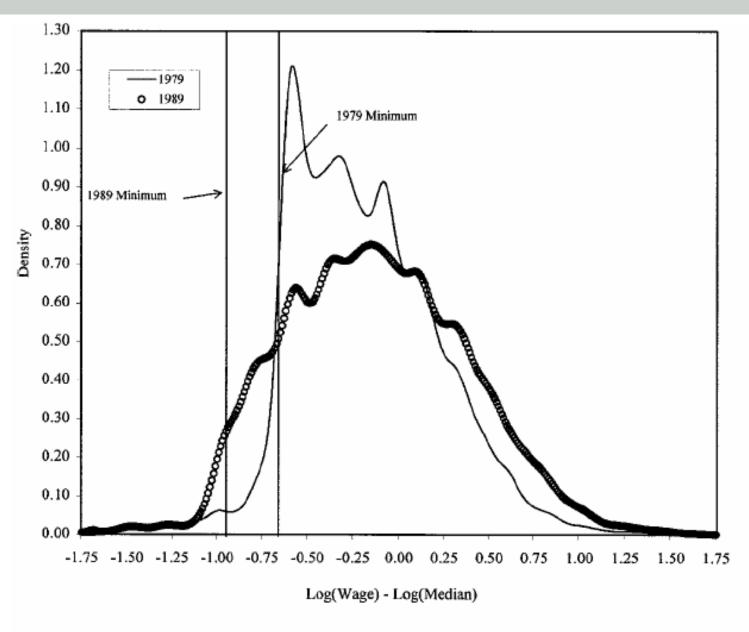


FIGURE Ib Wage Distribution Density Estimates: Women, 1979–1989

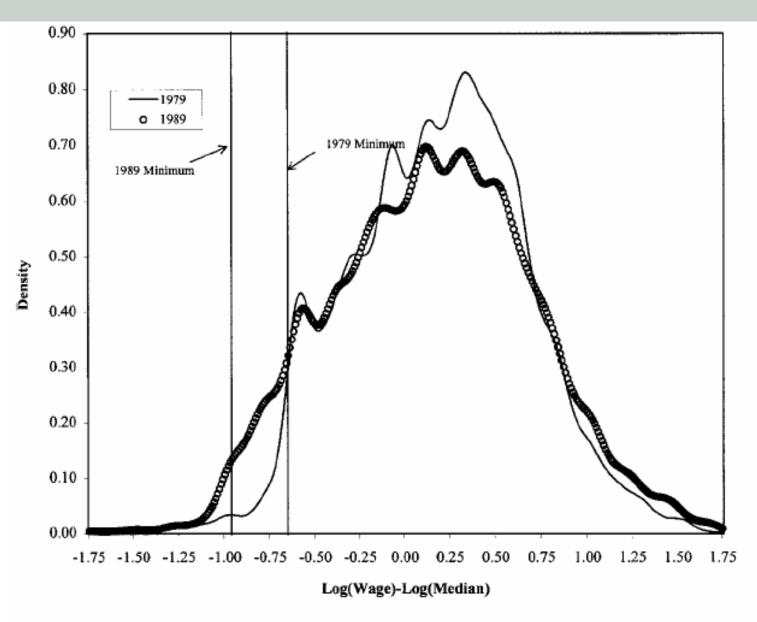
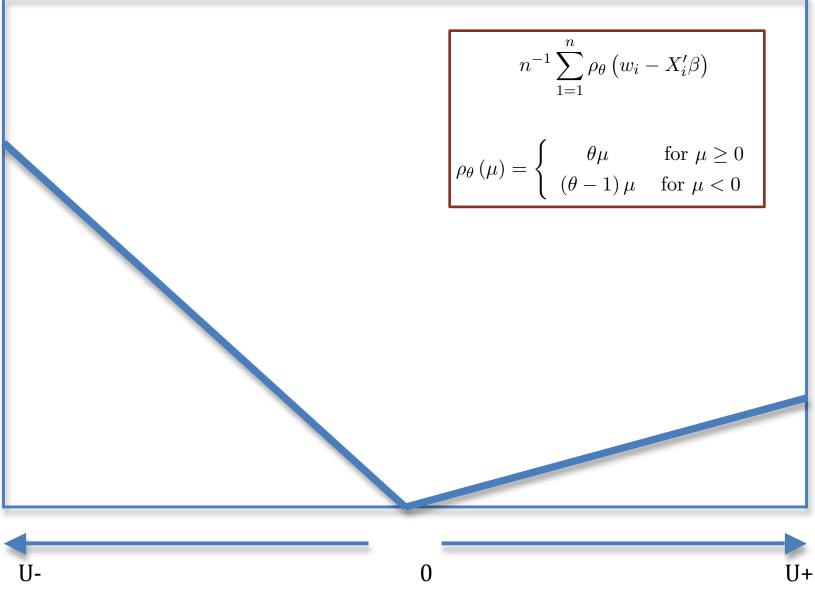


FIGURE Ia Wage Distribution Density Estimates: Men, 1979–1989

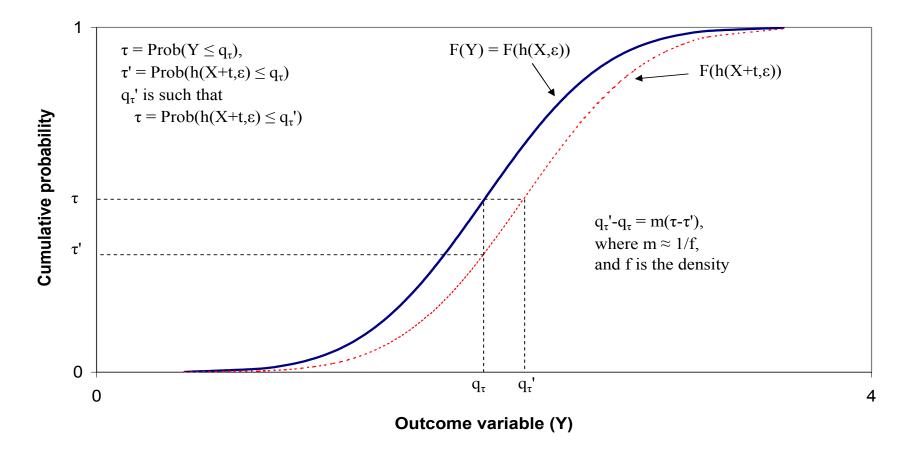
Estimating the Effects of Unions, Job Tasks, and Labor Market Composition on the Changing Wage Distribution

Firpo, Fortin and Lemieux 2011 (working paper) Firpo, Forin and Lemieux 2009 (*Econometrica*)

'Check Function' for 25th Percentile

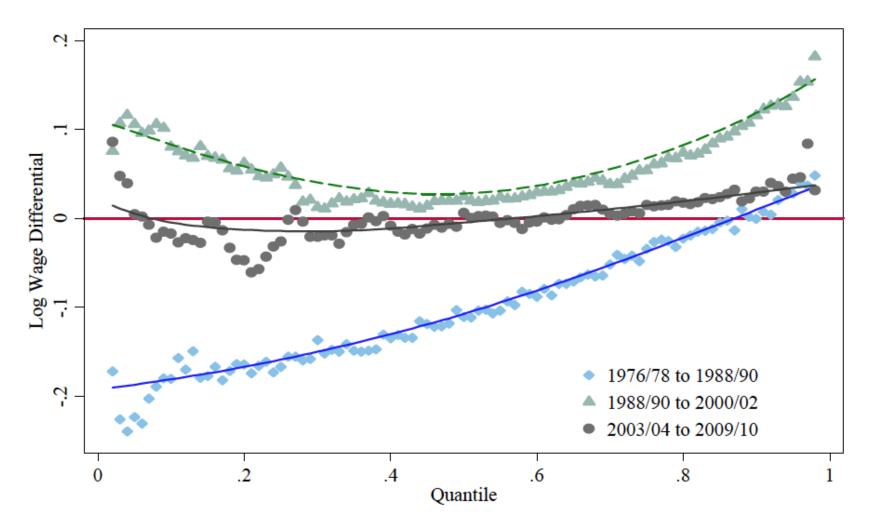


Local CDF Inversion as in FFL



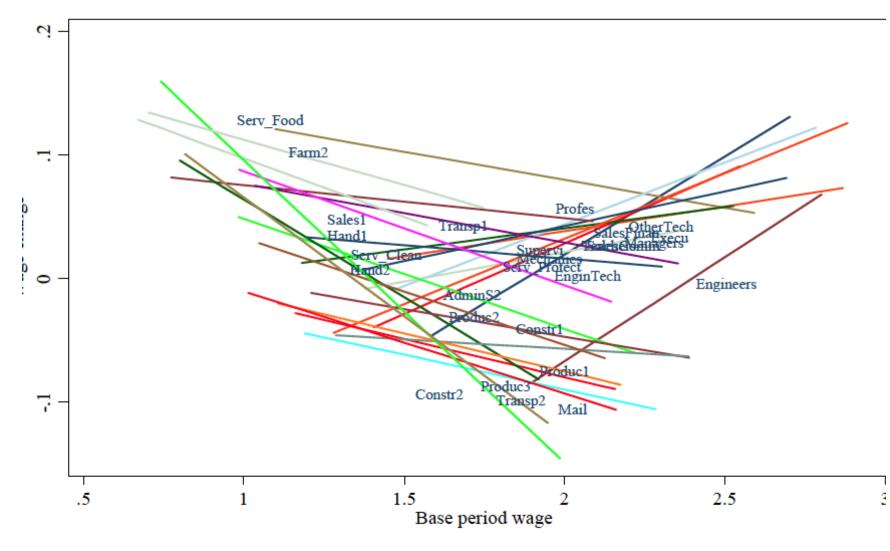
Wage Density Changes for Males 1977-2009

Figure 1. Changes in Real Wages (\$1979) by Percentile, Men



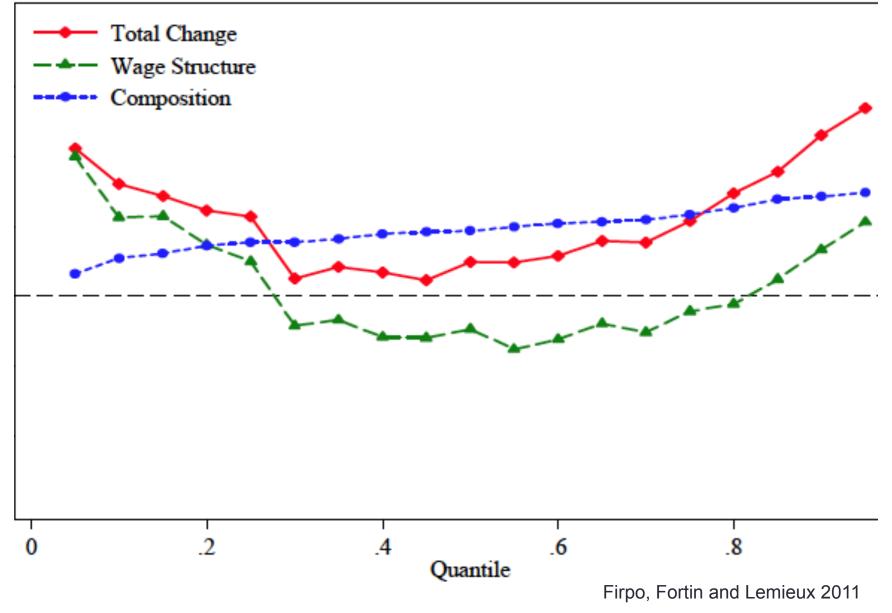
Occupational Wage Changes 1989-2001: Plotted Lines Correspond to Level (x-axis) and Change (y-axis) of 10th and 90th Quantile

> Figure 2. Fitted Changes in Wages from 1988/90 to 2000/02 in Top 30 2-Digit Occupations

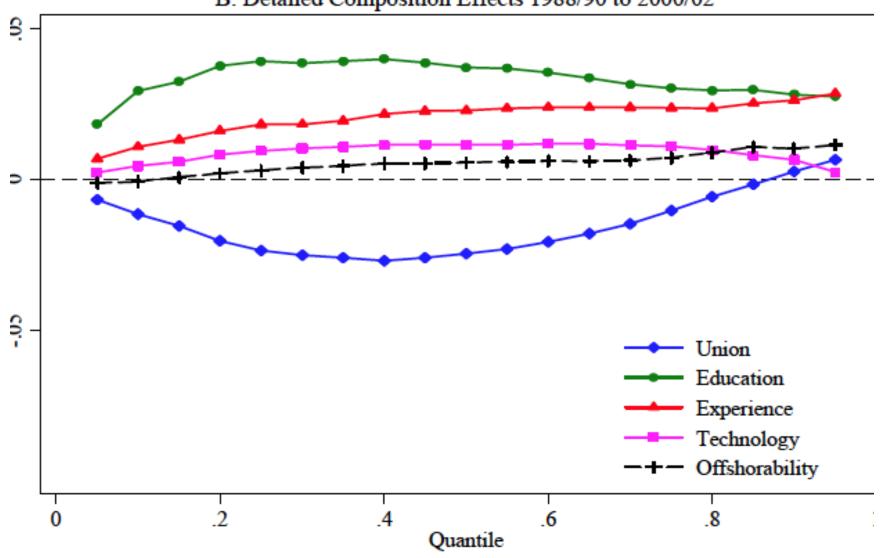


Effects of Δ Prices and Δ Quantities on Δ Wage Structure: 1989 - 2001

B. Change in Log Wages 1988/90 to 2000/02

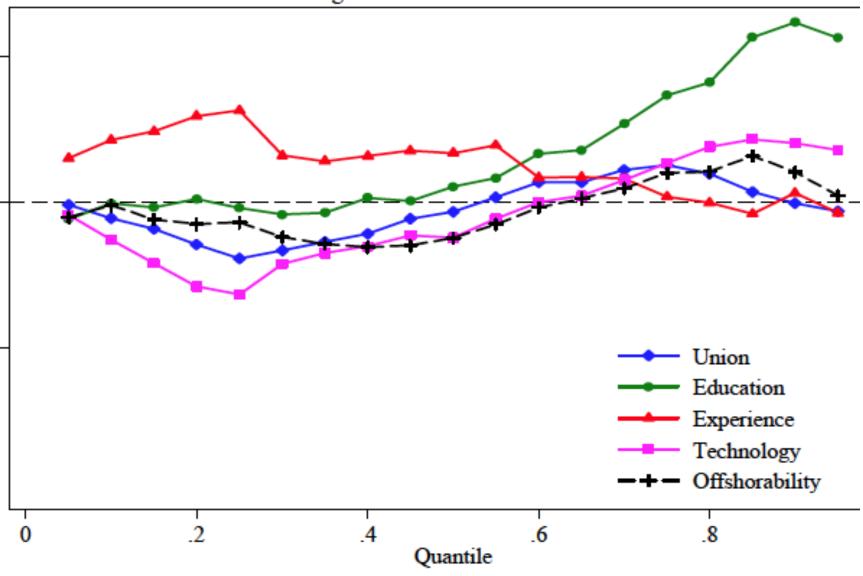


Decomposition of Estimated Quantity Effects: 1989 - 2001



B. Detailed Composition Effects 1988/90 to 2000/02

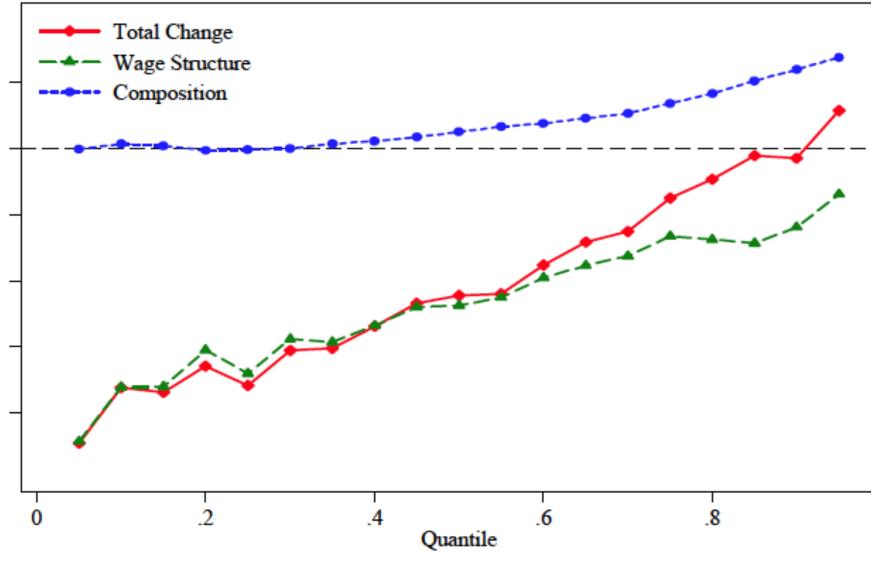
Decomposition of Estimated Price Effects: 1989 - 2001



B. Detailed Wage Structure Effects 1988/90 to 2000/02

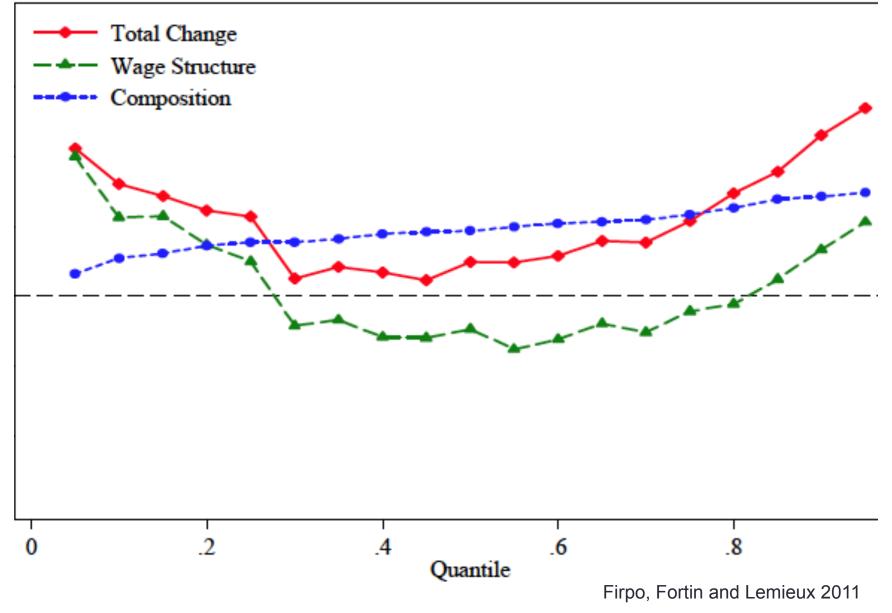
Effects of Δ Prices and Δ Quantities on Δ Wage Structure: 1977 - 1989

A.Change in Log Wages 1976/78 to 1988/90



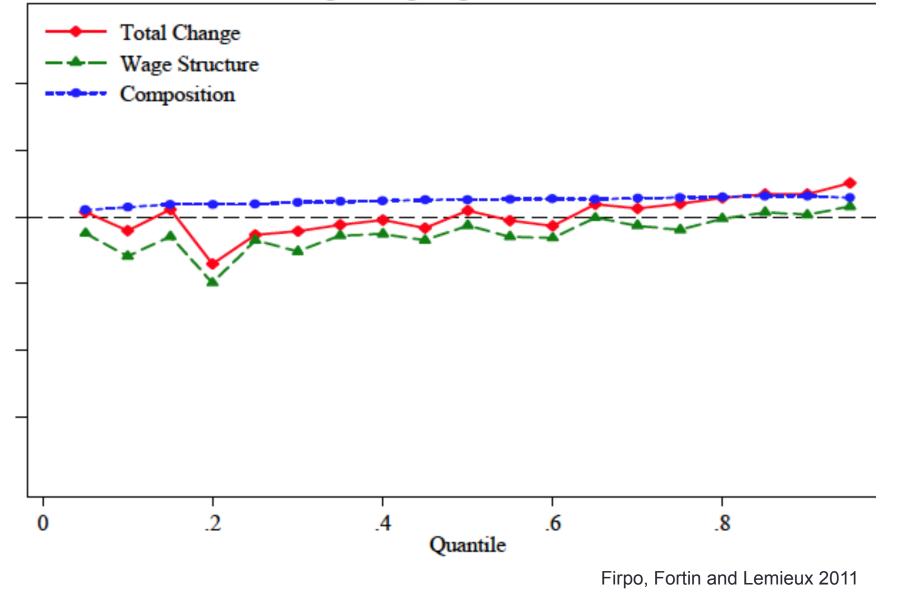
Effects of Δ Prices and Δ Quantities on Δ Wage Structure: 1989 - 2001

B. Change in Log Wages 1988/90 to 2000/02



Effects of Δ Prices and Δ Quantities on Δ Wage Structure: 2003 – 2009

C. Change in Log Wages 2003/04 to 2009/10



Regression of Δ Slopes and Δ Intercepts on Task Measures

Table 2. Estimated Effect of Task Requirements on Intercept and Slope of Wage Change Regressions by 2-digit Occupation

	Tasks Enter	red Separately	Tasks Entered Together			
O*NET Indexes	Intercept	Slope	Intercept	Slope		
	(1) (2)	(3) (4)	(5) (6)	(7) (8)		
Information content	0.004 0.035	0.059 0.031	0.005 0.030	0.020 -0.008		
	(0.007) (0.009)	(0.009) (0.013)	(0.011) (0.011)	(0.012) (0.013)		
Automation	-0.023 -0.034	-0.070 -0.045	-0.016 -0.030	-0.028 -0.013		
/routine	(0.009) (0.008)	(0.014) (0.010)	(0.011) (0.010)	(0.013) (0.012)		
No on-site work	0.012 0.015	0.034 0.026	0.003 0.002	0.019 0.021		
	(0.010) (0.004)	(0.007) (0.004)	(0.006) (0.005)	(0.007) (0.006)		
No face-to-face	-0.030 -0.035	-0.067 -0.051	-0.036 0.002	0.027 -0.014		
	(0.010) (0.009)	(0.018) (0.011)	(0.015) (0.015)	(0.017) (0.018)		
No decision making	-0.003 -0.035	-0.078 -0.051	0.032 0.001	-0.045 -0.012		
	(0.009) (0.012)	(0.012) (0.015)	(0.017) (0.015)	(0.019) (0.018)		
Base wage	No Yes	No Yes	No Yes	No Yes		
Adj. R-square			0.27 0.51	0.73 0.81		

Regression of Δ Slopes and Δ Intercepts on Task Measures

Table 2. Estimated Effect of Task Requirements on Intercept and Slope of Wage Change Regressions by 2-digit Occupation

	Tasks Entered Together				
O*NET Indexes	Intercept	Slope			
	(5) (6)	(7) (8)			
Information content	0.005 0.030 (0.011) (0.011)	0.020 -0.008 (0.012) (0.013)			
Automation /routine	-0.016 -0.030 (0.011) (0.010)	-0.028 -0.013 (0.013) (0.012)			
No on-site work	0.003 0.002 (0.006) (0.005)	0.019 0.021 (0.007) (0.006)			
No face-to-face	-0.036 0.002 (0.015) (0.015)	0.027 -0.014 (0.017) (0.018)			
No decision making	0.032 0.001 (0.017) (0.015)	-0.045 -0.012 (0.019) (0.018)			
Base wage Adj. R-square	No Yes 0.27 0.51	No Yes 0.73 0.81			